CHEM WAVE EQUATION PRACTICE - #1 of 4

equations: $c = \lambda v$ E = h v

constants: $c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- 1) What is "em"?
- 2) Compare and contrast photon and quantum.
- 3) What does the symbol "c" stand for in wave equations?
- 4) Give the standard unit for c.
- 5) What does the symbol " λ " (lambda) stand for in wave equations?
- 6) Give one common unit for λ .
- 7) What does the symbol "v" (nu) stand for in wave equations?
- 8) Give one common unit for v.
- 9) What does the symbol "E" stand for in wave equations?
- 10) Give one common unit for E.
- 11) What does the symbol "h" stand for in wave equations?
- 12) What are TWO other ways to write Hz (Hertz)?

MATH PROBLEMS

- 13) What is the wavelength of a wave that has a frequency of $3.59 \times 10^5 \text{ Hz}$?
- 14) A photon in a wave has a frequency of 8.400×10^9 Hz. What is the energy of the photon?
- 15) Calculate the frequency of a wave with a wavelength of 9.1×10^{-5} m.
- 16) A quantum has a measured energy of 2.678×10^{-18} J. What is its frequency?
- 17) What is the wavelength of em radiation having a frequency of 8.0×10^{11} Hz?
- 18) What is the frequency of em radiation having a wavelength of 4.750×10^{-7} m?
- 19) What is the energy of em radiation having a frequency of 6.50×10^{10} Hz?
- 20) What is the energy of a photon with a frequency of 4.48×10^{12} Hz?