## CHEM TEAM PROBLEMS: MOLE RATIOS (#2)

Write all mole ratios as fractions, converting from A to B: <u>mol B</u> (new) mol A (old)

Part 1: Following each equation are two requests for molar ratios from the equation.

- 1)  $N_2 + 3 H_2 \rightarrow 2 NH_3$ Write the molar ratios for  $N_2$  to  $H_2$ , and  $NH_3$  to  $H_2$ .
- 2)  $2 \operatorname{SO}_2 + \operatorname{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\rightarrow} 2 \operatorname{SO}_3$ Write the molar ratios for  $\operatorname{O}_2$  to  $\operatorname{SO}_3$ , and  $\operatorname{O}_2$  to  $\operatorname{SO}_2$ .
- 3)  $PCl_3 + Cl_2 \rightarrow PCl_5$ Write the molar ratios for  $PCl_3$  to  $Cl_2$ , and  $PCl_3$  to  $PCl_5$ .
- 4) 4 NH<sub>3</sub> + 3 O<sub>2</sub>  $\rightarrow$  2 N<sub>2</sub> + 6 H<sub>2</sub>O Write the molar ratios for NH<sub>3</sub> to N<sub>2</sub>, and H<sub>2</sub>O to O<sub>2</sub>.
- 5)  $Fe_2O_3 + 3 CO \rightarrow 2 Fe + 3 CO_2$ Write the molar ratios for CO to CO<sub>2</sub>, and Fe to CO.

**Part 2** For # 6-8, use this equation:  $2 H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2 H_2O$ 

- 6) How many moles of  $H_2O$  are produced when 5.00 moles of oxygen are used?
- 7) If 3.00 moles of H<sub>2</sub>O are produced, how many moles of oxygen must be consumed?
- 8) How many moles of hydrogen gas must be used, given the data in problem 7?

For #9, use the following equation:  $2 \text{ KClO}_3 \rightarrow 2 \text{ KCl} + 3 \text{ O}_2$ 

9) How many moles of O<sub>2</sub> can be produced by letting 12.00 moles of KClO<sub>3</sub> react?

**Part 3** Given the following equation:  $2 C_4 H_{10} + 13 O_2 \rightarrow 8 CO_2 + 10 H_2O$ , show what the following molar ratios should be. The mole fractions are already set up as mol B/mol A.

10)  $C_4H_{10} / O_2$ 11)  $O_2 / CO_2$ 12)  $O_2 / H_2O$ 13)  $C_4H_{10} / CO_2$ 14)  $C_4H_{10} / H_2O$